



# **Volunteer Checks:**

Information for WA Volunteering Involving Organisations



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# Introduction

Four out of five Western Australians aged 15 years and over volunteer. They donate almost 16 hours of their time per month, which equates to a total of more than 315 million hours of volunteer service each year. The economic, social and cultural value of this volunteering to Western Australia (WA) is greater than \$39.0 billion per annum.

The Western Australian Government has a long history of strengthening WA's volunteer sector by funding, supporting and driving volunteering initiatives, and ensuring the sector's sustainability through:

- Annual funding of more than \$1.3 million to Volunteering WA and other volunteering development services to build the capacity of the volunteer sector and volunteers.
- Providing information, advice and guidelines on volunteering for the government and non-government sectors.
- Subsidised National Police Certificates for volunteers through the Volunteer National Police Certificate (VNPC) program.
- Programs that recognise the contribution of volunteers such as the WA Volunteer Service Awards, State Emergency Service Awards, Multicultural Recognition Awards, and the Sport and Recreation Supporting Volunteers Award.
- The Thank a Volunteer Day Grants program for International Volunteer Day community celebrations across WA.
- Funding and supporting research on volunteering in WA.

The Department of Communities (Communities) has developed this publication, with assistance from Volunteering WA and the Volunteering Community Reference Group, to support Volunteer Involving Organisations (VIOs) to make informed decisions when recruiting volunteers. It explains when and why screening should take place, applicable legislation and screening mechanisms, and include tools and templates to support informed decision making and risk management.



# Why screen volunteers?

Given the breadth of volunteering opportunities within the volunteering sector, selection and screening processes are an important tool for VIOs when recruiting volunteers. VIOs may request background checks for applicants to assess their suitability, referred to as screening mechanisms. Screening mechanisms also assist VIOs to match the expectations, interests, availability, commitment and skills of applicants with volunteering opportunities.

Currently there is no WA legislation requiring VIOs to screen volunteers. However, some VIOs are subject to the following legislative and industry requirements:

- Aged care: Volunteer National Police Certificates (VNPCs) not more than three years old must be held by volunteers in Commonwealth subsidised aged care services, including aged care providers delivering facility style and inhome services to meet the requirements of the Aged Care Act 1997 and the Accountability Principles 2014.
- Tourists and visitors to Australia:
   Organisations are required to have a process in place to ensure applicants for volunteer positions are legally allowed to volunteer under the Migration Act 1958 (Cth). For more information see the section on the Visa Entitlement Verification Online (VEVO) system.
- Working with children: The Working with Children (Criminal Record Checking) Act 2004 requires compulsory screening of volunteers in WA and the Christmas and Cocos (Keeling) Islands for people who engage in certain paid or unpaid work with children, described as "child-related work". For more information see the Working with Children Check section.
- Boards and committees: The Associations Incorporation Act 2015 requires that people seeking to volunteer on boards and committees of incorporated associations obtain approval from the Commissioner for Consumer Protection where personal

circumstances identify:

- bankruptcy or affairs subject to insolvency laws
- convictions of an indictable offence in relation to the formation or management of a body corporate in the last five years
- convictions of an offence involving fraud or dishonesty punishable by at least three months imprisonment in the last five years, or
- conviction of an offence under section 127 of the Act, where a person has allowed an association to operate while insolvent in the last five years.
- The National Standards for Volunteer Involvement (the Standards):

The Standards, developed by Volunteering Australia, outline best practice processes for recruiting and selecting volunteers. The Standards stipulate that 'screening processes are applied to volunteer roles that help maintain the safety and security of service users, employees, volunteers and the organisation'.

The screening method a VIO uses may be a requirement of their internal policies and procedures. Good governance procedures help VIOs to identify and manage their organisational risk when selecting and recruiting volunteers, as well as meeting



duty of care provisions and contractual and/or insurance requirements. VIOs should assess the level of risk associated with recruiting volunteers in the context of the specific needs of their organisation. How this is identified will vary between organisations.

For example, organisations receiving funding from the Department of Social Services (DSS) are required to conduct criminal record screening for any person working with vulnerable people.

DSS defines a vulnerable person as:

- a child or children, or
- an individual aged over 18 years who
  is or may be unable to take care of
  themselves, or is unable to protect
  themselves against harm or exploitation
  by reason of age, illness, trauma or
  disability, or any other reason.

A VIO's insurance policy may also require members of an organisation operating motor vehicles to undergo traffic record screening to meet insurance policy conditions.

See Appendix 2 for examples of risk assessment templates for VIOs when selecting and recruiting volunteers.

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mbox{Accountability Principles 2014, www.legislation.gov.au/Details/F2017C00734.}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety; Inc: A guide for Incorporated Associations in Western Australia, www.commerce.wa.gov.au/books/inc-guide-incorporatedassociations-western-australia/membership-committee

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The National Standard for Volunteering, www.volunteeringaustralia.org/wp-content/uploads/National-Standards-Document-FINAL\_Web.pdf

# Who needs to be screened?

Legislation requires screening checks for volunteers who will be working with children or with Commonwealth funded aged care organisations.

VIOs may consider whether applicants for other volunteer positions should be screened where there may be a risk to the organisation, staff, clients, the volunteer and/or the public.

Risk assessment(s) may be required to determine which volunteer positions need to be screened to identify potential adverse risks to the VIO. To determine the level of risk, a clear outline of what is expected of the position is required, e.g. a position description and an understanding of the strategic objectives of the organisation.

Questions VIOs may wish to consider include, but are not limited to:

- Will the role be in a position of authority, making important decisions and/or making financial decisions or handling finances e.g. a chairperson or treasurer?
- What is the level of trust required for the position? Will the position be privy to confidential, sensitive or personal information?
- Will the position be unsupervised?
- Does the position require interaction with vulnerable people?
- Does the position require contact with the public?
- Will the position have access to organisational resources such as a motor vehicle, a mobile phone or a computer?
- Does the position work in a program which receives funding with contractual implications requiring volunteers to be screened?

 Does an organisation's insurance policy require volunteers to be screened?

Responses to such questions may assist VIOs to determine whether screening for certain volunteer positions is required. VIOs should then consider the most appropriate screening mechanism to meet their information needs. Sample risk assessment templates are provided at Appendix 2.

Even if an organisation is not bound by legislation, industry standards, contractual or insurance requirements that require volunteer screening, it is considered good practice to have processes in place that assist VIOs to recruit and appoint suitable applicants for volunteering positions. Should VIOs choose to screen their volunteers, decisions regarding their suitability must be consistent with the *Equal Opportunity Act 1984*.

Volunteers should not be subjected to more intensive screening than other employees. For example, requiring volunteers to obtain a VNPC when police checks are not required of an employee completing the same, or higher duties.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Department of Social Services, www.dss.gov.au/about-the-department/doing-business-with-dss/vulnerable-persons-police-checks-and-criminal-offences

# What volunteer screening mechanisms are available?

Volunteer screening mechanisms may include:

- interviews
- reference checks
- the Visa Entitlement Verification Online (VEVO) system
- Volunteer National Police Certificates, and
- Working with Children Checks.

### **Interviews**

Interviews are a useful tool in the selection, screening and suitable placement of applicants for volunteer positions. Interviews allow a VIO to inform applicants about how volunteers fit into the organisational structure and assist in delivering its functions.

VIOs can use the interview process to establish their expectations of applicants, and to clarify any questions or concerns the applicant may have. It also provides the applicant with the opportunity to assess whether the volunteer position is suitable.

### Reference checks

Reference checks also assist VIOs to judge the fit and integrity of the applicant for a volunteer position. Reference checking can allow VIOs to:

- clarify issues that may have been raised in an interview or from a CV
- obtain independent information from a third party on relevant skills and experience, and
- more adequately assess the applicants' suitability for the position.

Reference checks are generally completed as an additional screening measure rather than a standalone measure.

### Visa Entitlement Verification Online system

Restrictions apply to non-permanent residents, tourists and visitors to Australia for employment and volunteering positions.

VIOs are required to have a process in place to ensure applicants for volunteer positions are legally allowed to volunteer in Australia. For non-permanent residents, VIOs must verify an applicant's immigration status before offering a volunteer position. Under the *Migration Act 1958* (Cth), penalties apply to VIOs that engage a volunteer in breach of a visa condition, unless it can show that reasonable steps were taken to ascertain whether the person was legally allowed to be a volunteer.

To confirm an applicant's eligibility to volunteer legally in Australia, VIOs can use the Visa Entitlement Verification Online (VEVO) system. The VEVO registration site is available by visiting the Department of Home Affairs.

#### **Further information**

#### **Department of Home Affairs**

Web: www.homeaffairs.gov.au

Phone: Employers' Immigration Hotline (Organisations) 1800 040 070

### **National Police Checking Service**

The Australian Criminal Intelligence Commission (ACIC) facilitates information sharing between all Australian policing jurisdictions through a National database. This service allows individuals and organisations, both employees and volunteers, to apply for a National Criminal History Record Check (Check). Each Check is assessed, and subsequently lists, an individual's criminal and traffic court outcomes, and pending charges from all Australian police jurisdictions that are deemed disclosable in accordance with relevant state legislation at the time of application. Disclosure may also include non-police prosecuted matters.

Individuals can also apply for a Check through private companies or organisations accredited by ACIC. A listing of accredited bodies is available through www.acic.gov.au/our-services/national-police-checking-service/find-out-more-information/accredited-bodies#accordion-1.

In some instances, certain government departments are accredited by ACIC to undertake their own screenings and can do so at a reduced cost.



### The Volunteer National Police Certificate

The Volunteer National Police Certificate (VNPC) program is a State based volunteer screening initiative coordinated by Communities and the WA Police Force.

VIOs must be registered with Communities to access the VNPC program so that its volunteers can obtain certificates at a subsidised cost. These certificates are only suitable for volunteering purposes within WA.

### Information released on the VNPC

A VNPC lists eligible criminal and traffic court outcomes; and pending charges from all Australian police jurisdictions that are deemed disclosable in accordance with relevant state legislation at the time of application. This can also include non-police prosecuted matters.

The VNPC lists the same information provided by the National Police Checking Service, however operates under a different name as a WA based volunteer program.

#### Cost of certificates

The processing fee is charged (2018–19) at the subsidised rate of \$15.90. The fee is reviewed annually. VIOs are billed monthly by the WA Police Force, however VIOs can request reimbursement from the applicant, or choose to cover the costs themselves.

### Ownership of certificates

The VNPC contains personal information and is therefore the property of the applicant. The certificate is provided to the VIO to help assess the applicant's suitability for the volunteering position. Once the VIO has determined whether to appoint the applicant, the certificate must be returned to the individual. The VIO may note, for its own reporting purposes, that a check has been completed, however must not retain a copy of the certificate.

# Processing time to receive the certificate

VNPC applications take up to 10 business days to complete. Additional time must be allowed for postage as all VNPCs are provided in hard copy.

### Length of validity

A VNPC is current only on the day of issue. The WA Police Force impose no period of validity – it is up to organisations to determine the currency of a VNPC.

Applicants may use an existing VNPC for a voluntary position with another VIO – it is at the discretion of each VIO as to whether they will accept the certificate. VIOs may determine that a more current certificate, or more frequent screening, is needed for volunteer positions considered high risk so that the VIO can better manage their overall organisational risk. See Who needs to be screened? for more information to determine risk in volunteer positions.

# Eligibility criteria and how to apply for the program

Applicants can only access a subsidised Volunteer National Police Certificate through a registered VIO. To register for the program, VIOs must:

- be an incorporated body such as an association, company, government organisation or a co-operative
- utilise volunteers in WA for the benefit of the community
- have the capacity to confidentially and securely store completed consent forms and copies of identification documents for two years for WA Police Force audit purposes and
- agree to the conditions of the program.

If a volunteer group is part of a national organisation with branches throughout WA (e.g. churches, service organisations, sporting clubs), only the central office should register for the VNPC program. If a sub-branch is incorporated and operating under its own constitution, and has a contact person able to manage screenings, the sub-branch may register with the program.

The registration process:

- 1. The VIO:
  - downloads a registration form from www.dlgc.wa.gov.au/Publications/ Pages/National-Police-Check-Volunteers-Program
  - emails volunteering@communities.
     wa.gov.au or
  - contacts (08) 6217 6888 to request the form.
- 2. Communities assesses the application, registers eligible VIOs and informs the WA Police Force.
- 3. The WA Police Force provides the VIO's registered contact person with an instructional guide and the link to submit applications.
- 4. Allow up to five days for the registration to be processed.

#### **Further information**

# For general queries and new registrations:

Department of Communities, Volunteering Team

Web: www.communities.wa.gov.au

Email: volunteering@communities.

wa.gov.au

Phone: Metro callers (08) 6217 6888, WA Country callers using a landline 1800 176 888 TTY - please contact the National Relay Service on free call 1800 555 677.

#### For registered VIOs:

WA Police Force, Information Release Centre

Web: www.police.wa.gov.au

Email: IRC@police.wa.gov.au



## Working with Children Check (WWC)

The Working with Children (WWC) Check is a compulsory screening mechanism in WA and the Christmas and Cocos (Keeling) Islands under the *Working with Children (Criminal Record Checking) Act 2004*. The Check aims to protect children by:

- deterring people from applying to work with children where they have a relevant charge or conviction on their criminal record that indicates they may harm a child
- detecting new charges and convictions of those people who hold a current Working
  with Children Card and preventing them from continuing to engage in child-related
  work where their criminal record and behaviour indicates they may harm a child, and
- protecting children by creating awareness that safeguarding children is a whole of community responsibility.

The Working with Children Screening Unit at Communities administers the Check in WA.

### Who needs a Working with Children Check?

A Check is required by a person if they engage in certain paid or unpaid work with children, described as 'child-related work', under Section 6 of the Act. Work is child-related work if the usual duties of the work involve, or are likely to involve, contact with a child in connection with one of the categories below and no exemptions apply:

Question	Yes	No
1. Are you doing paid, unpaid or volunteer work in connection with any of the categories of child-related work listed in Section 6(1) (a) of the Working with Children (Criminal Record Checking) Act 2004?	Go to question 2	A WWC Check is not required
<ul> <li>2. Do the usual duties of the work involve, or are they likely to involve, contact with a child (regardless of whether there is supervision from any other adult or a parent/guardian)?</li> <li>i) Contact includes any form of: <ul> <li>physical contact</li> <li>oral communication, whether face to face, by telephone or otherwise, and</li> <li>electronic communication</li> <li>ii) but does not include contact in the normal course of:</li> <li>duties between an employer and an employee, and</li> <li>(including employees under 18 years) or between employees of the same employer.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Go to question 3	A WWC Check is not required
3. Does an exemption apply? Exemptions are listed on the Working with Children Check website.	A WWC Check is not required.	A WWC Check is required.

Certain volunteers do not require a Check because they fit within the description of an exemption that applies to the specific category or categories of child-related work they engage in. If a volunteer's position is covered by an exemption, they are not considered to be in child-related work and are not required to apply for a Check.

Some general exemptions include:

- volunteers who are aged under 18 years, and
- parents volunteering in certain activities where their child is also involved or participates (unless they are attending an overnight activity).

#### What is checked?

The Check assesses criminal records and other information considered relevant for people who engage in child-related work to determine if they have charges, convictions and behaviours that indicate they may harm a child.

The information obtained as part of a Check includes, but is not limited to:

- criminal history information from various sources, including the Nationally Coordinated Criminal History Check, which discloses information held by police services across Australia about:
  - any convictions (including where a court has made a formal finding of guilt in relation to an offence, or convicted a person of an offence, or accepted a plea of guilty, or acquitted a person of an offence because of unsoundness of mind)
  - any spent convictions
  - charges and convictions when a person was under 18 years of age
  - where a person was charged with an offence but not convicted (referred to as a non-conviction charge), and

- any pending charges (and charges that have not yet been finalised).
- the circumstances surrounding any charges or convictions recorded on a person's Nationally Coordinated Criminal History Check.

In certain circumstances, police history information relating to charges and/or convictions for overseas offences may also be obtained.

#### Outcomes of a WWC Check

- If an application for a Check is successful, a person is issued with an Assessment Notice, in the form of a Card. A valid Card permits a volunteer to engage in child-related work and remains valid for three years unless cancelled sooner.
- A Negative Notice is issued when the Screening Unit has identified a risk of harm to a child should the applicant engage in child-related work. This can occur when the applicant first applies for a Check or if they are re-assessed while holding a Card. A Negative Notice prohibits applicants from engaging in any child-related work and remains current unless cancelled under the Act.
- An Interim Negative Notice may be issued in some cases when the Screening Unit receives information relevant to the immediate safety of children (e.g. a charge or conviction for a relevant offence). This prohibits a volunteer from engaging in child-related work during the assessment or re-assessment until a final decision is made.

The Screening Unit will advise the volunteer and the VIO of the outcome of the Check and any further changes to the volunteer's status.

### Applying for a WWC Check

- 1. In most cases the VIO will provide volunteers with a Check application form. Volunteers can also obtain a form from an authorised Australia Post outlet or directly from the Screening Unit. Once a volunteer completes their personal information, the VIO must also complete and sign parts of the application form.
- Volunteers lodge application forms at an authorised Australia Post outlet together with the correct combination of documents to meet the 100 Point Proof of Identity Check, and the required fee.
- 3. Volunteers will receive a receipt allowing them to continue or start child-related work, unless as an adult they have committed a Class 1 offence (refer to the Working with Children website for information on Class 1 offences), or have received an Interim Negative Notice or a Negative Notice.

### Cost of the WWC Check

Application and renewal fees for a Check for volunteers are currently \$11.00 (2018–19).

### Length of validity

If an application for a Check is successful, the volunteer is issued with an Assessment Notice in the form of a WWC Card. The Screening Unit monitors the ongoing collection and assessment of information related to that person. A valid Card permits a volunteer to engage in child-related work and remains valid for three years unless cancelled sooner. It is also transferable across paid, unpaid and volunteer work.

### Renewing a WWC Card

Cards are valid for three years unless cancelled sooner. If a volunteer is continuing their child-related work, they must renew their Check before it expires. Current card holders can renew by re-applying and completing a Check application form and lodging it at an authorised Australia Post outlet, or by completing the online renewal form on the Check website. Their VIO must also complete and sign parts of the application form or confirm their child-related work online.

#### **Further information**

Comprehensive factsheets and further information is available from the Screening Unit's website.

The Screening Unit hosts free workshops 'Working with Children Checks and Child Safety Made Simple'. To find out more about the workshops or to register

Visit: www.workingwithchildren.wa.gov. au/events or

Email: WWCEvents@cpfs.wa.gov.au

# Department of Communities, Working with Children Screening Unit

Web:

www.workingwithchildren.wa.gov.au

Email: checkquery@cpfs.wa.gov.au

Phone: Metro callers (08) 6217 8100, WA Country callers using a landline 1800 883 979 TTY – please call the National Relay Service on 133 677.

### Differences between screening mechanisms

Interviews and reference checks are useful for determining the skills and attributes of applicants for volunteer positions however, criminal record history screening may be required for positions that a VIO has identified requires a level of trust and/or working with children.

VNPCs and WWC Checks are used for different purposes. VNPCs allow VIOs to view the applicant's criminal history and identify possible risks related to the position. Unlike a VNPC, no information about a volunteer's criminal record is released when screened for a WWC Check.

WWC Checks are used to identify potential risks to children. Information relating to criminal history that does not pertain to risks to children is not assessed. A criminal history may still exist that makes the applicant unsuitable for other tasks, for example, making important decisions, handling money and using organisational resources.

	VNPC	WWC Check
Primary purpose	To determine risk.	To protect children.
Information provided to applicants and VIOs	A listing of a person's criminal and traffic convictions and any pending charges.	A WWC Card, a Negative Notice or an Interim Negative Notice.
Reveals convictions	Yes	No
Required by legislation	Sometimes	Yes
Who can apply	Any volunteer with a registered VIO.	Only those as specified by the Act.
Length of validity	Current on the day of issue only.	3 years unless cancelled sooner.
Updated regularly/ongoing collection and assessment of information	No	Yes
Product received	Hardcopy certificate	Card
Cost (2018-19)	\$15.90	\$11.00

Some positions may require a VNPC, a WWC Check or both, as shown in the following examples.

### Example 1:

A person is applying for a volunteer position as treasurer on the Board of a charity association..

- As the position does not require interaction with children, it is exempt from a WWC Check and does not need to apply for one.
- The position will handle the association's finances and access resources such as the internet for banking purposes.
- The association has completed a risk assessment and determined there is a moderate organisational risk rating.
- A VNPC could be applied for to assist the association to determine the applicant's suitability to the position.

### Example 2:

A person is applying for a volunteer position to assist with writing research papers for an environmental group.

- Under legislation the position is not required to be screened for the WWC Check.
- The group has completed a risk assessment and determined there is low organisational risk as the position will not have authority, handle finances or use group resources. In this instance the group may consider that a VNPC is not needed.

### Example 3:

A person is applying for a volunteer position with their local sports club and will work with the club at training and events. The person will also be the club's treasurer.

- The position is required to train and assist at sporting events where children will be present.
- Under legislation the position is required to be screened for the WWC Check.
- The position will also handle the clubs' finances and access club resources such as the internet for banking purposes.
- The club has completed a risk assessment and determined there is a moderate organisational risk rating.
- A VNPC could be applied for to assist the VIO to determine the person's suitability to the position.

# **Disclaimer**

This material is provided for public information. While Communities asserts copyright, permission is granted to copy or use this material without alteration on a not-for-profit basis for public benefit.

The information contained in this publication is for information only and is not to be relied upon as legal advice. VIOs are encouraged to seek legal advice if required.

Communities has made every effort to ensure the information is accurate and current as at 1 October 2018 and does not accept responsibility for any errors or omissions.

This publication will be reviewed and updated as required to reflect the changing needs of the volunteering sector.



# **Appendix One**

### **Useful Resources**

The Economic, Social and Cultural Value of Volunteering to Western Australia was produced by Volunteering WA, together with the Institute of Project Management, to quantify the value of volunteering to WA.

### www.volunteeringwa.org.au/assets/downloads/vwa-report-book\_web.pdf

Guidelines for Successful Partnerships between Public Sector Agencies and Volunteers provides an overview of working with volunteers and relevant issues for public sector agencies, which can also be used for non-government VIOs.

www.dlgc.wa.gov.au/Publications/Pages/Guidelines-Successful-Partnerships-Public-Sector-Agencies-Volunteers.aspx

The National Standards for Volunteer Involvement outlines Standards for best practice volunteer management. Developed by Volunteering Australia, it contains an overview of key areas with accompanying checklists.

www.volunteeringaustralia.org/wp-content/uploads/National-Standards-Document-FINAL\_Web.pdf

Not-for-profit Law is a program of, a social justice organisation and community legal service providing free or low cost, practical legal help for not-for-profit community organisations and advocating for improved standards and legal frameworks.

#### www.nfplaw.org.au/

Running the Risk? Risk Management tool for Volunteer Involving Organisations provides an outline of the risk management process and tools available to volunteer involving organisations.

www.volunteeringaustralia.org/wp-content/files\_mf/1377053059VAManagersrunningtherisk.pdf

Volunteering WA provides a range of resources, services and support to assist people in WA to be aware of, and understand, the nature and scope of volunteering.

#### www.volunteeringwa.org.au/resources

Volunteers and Food and Other Donors (Protection from Liability) Act 2002, a Western Australian Act that protects certain volunteers, community organisations and food and grocery product donors from incurring civil liability in nominated situations.

www.legislation.wa.gov.au/legislation/statutes.nsf/main\_mrtitle\_1031\_homepage.html

WA Volunteering Strategy provides a broad framework for action and suggests strategies that can be implemented by all levels of government, non-government organisations and the private sector and the community, to encourage and support volunteering.

www.dlgc.wa.gov.au/Publications/Pages/Volunteering-Strategy.aspx

# **Appendix Two**

# Sample risk assessment templates and examples

Communities has compiled a selection of templates and examples to assist VIOs to develop tools to manage their own organisational risk.

The information provided is intended as a guide only and is not representative of all possible risks and solutions. VIOs are encouraged to seek legal advice if required.

This section contains the following templates and examples:

- Position Description Template
- Risk Assessment Measurement Examples
- Position Risk Assessment Template
- Position Risk Assessment Examples
- Task Risk Assessment Template
- Task Risk Assessment Template Example, and
- Risk Assessment Matrix Sample.

Date:	
Review date:	
Completed by:	
Position title:	
Reports to:	
Position statement	•
Relevant experienc	e:
Duties:	
1)	
2)	
->	
3)	

# **Risk Assessment Measurement Examples**

### Likelihood

Description	Definition
Possible	A risk/s may occur.
Likely	A risk/s is likely to occur.
Almost Certain	A risk/s is highly likely to occur.

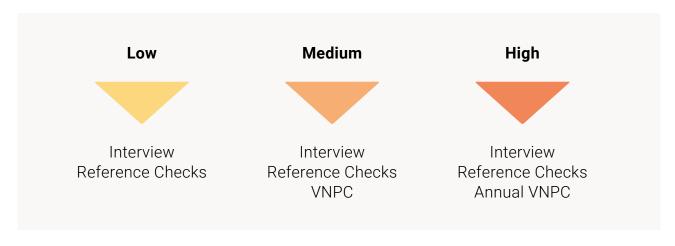
### Consequence

Description	Definition
Minor	Will have a negligible impact on the organisation, staff, clients, other volunteers and/or the public.
Moderate	Will have a moderate impact on the organisation, staff, clients, other volunteers and/or the public.
Major	Will have a significant impact on the organisation, staff, clients, other volunteers and/or the public.

### Risk level

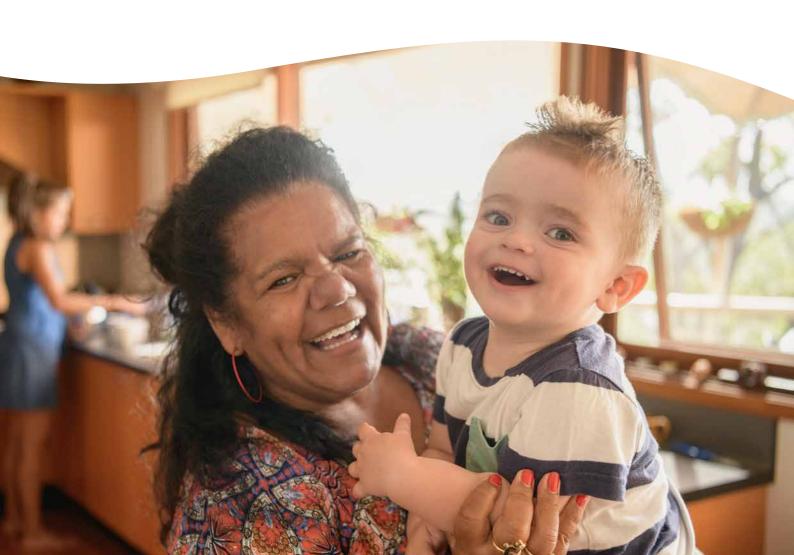
Likelihood		Consequence	
	Minor	Moderate	Major
Almost Certain	Medium	High	High
Likely	Low	Medium	High
Possible	Low	Medium	High

### Risk level and recommended screenings



# **Position Risk Assessment Template**

Volunteer position:						
Task	Frequency	Potential hazards/ liabilities	Risk rating	Legislative/ industry/ contractual requirements	Recommended screening	
	Never/Rarely/ Occasionally/ Often/Always	onally/ Low/Medium/ Annual VNPC, Interview Reference				
Summary risk assessment: Low/Medium/High						
Recommend screening mechanisms:						
Working with Children Check Volunteer National Police Certificate Annual Volunteer National Police Certificate Interview Reference checks						



**Position Risk Assessment Examples** 

### Example 1.

A community organisation will be recruiting volunteers to assist with sorting donated items for sale in its retail store. The position will work unsupervised, and may on occasion interact with a member of the public dropping items off for donation. The position will not supervise vulnerable people, handle money or drive an organisational vehicle.

Using the position risk assessment template, the organisation identified a moderate risk of theft and fraud. The organisation determined applicants for the position of Warehouse Assistant are required to undertake an interview and reference checks before commencing in the position.

Volunteer position: Warehouse assistant – sorting donated items for sale in retail store.					
Task	Frequency	Potential hazards/ liabilities	Risk rating	Legislative/ industry/ contractual requirements	Recommended screening
Working unsupervised	Often	Theft	Moderate	NA	Interview, Reference checks.
Pricing items for sale	Often	Under-pricing (fraud)	Moderate	NA	Interview, Reference checks.
Supervising vulnerable people	Never	NA	High	NA	NA
Interacting with the public	Rarely	Limited	Low	NA	Reference checks.
Handling money	Never	NA	Low	NA	NA
Driving an organisational Never NA Low NA NA vehicle					
Summary risk assessment: Low					
Recommend screening mechanisms:  Working with Children Check Volunteer National Police Certificate  Annual Volunteer National Police Certificate Interview Reference checks					

### Example 2.

A community organisation will be establishing a Board and identified the following positions and tasks:

**The Chairperson** will be responsible for overseeing the Board, may interact with the public with the CEO's permission, be privy to confidential information, lead discussions and vote on decisions involving finances.

**The Deputy Chairperson** will be privy to confidential information and vote on matters as a group. The Deputy will only operate as the Chairperson if the position is likely to be vacant for more than 14 days.

**The Treasurer** will be privy to confidential information, vote on matters as a group, handle finances and may use organisational resources such as a computer and phone to process payments. The Treasurer is not permitted to talk to the public or the media.

**General board members** will be privy to confidential information and vote on matters as a group. Members are not permitted to handle finances, talk to the public or the media, and will not require the use of organisational resources.

**Outcome:** Using the position risk assessment template, the organisation determined applicants for all positions required an interview, two reference checks and a VNPC before commencing. Due to the increased risk rating for the positions of Chairperson and Treasurer, the VNPC is to be repeated on an annual basis.

Position and tasks	Potential hazards/ liabilities	Likelihood	Impact	Risk rating	Legislative/ industry/ contractual requirements	Recommended screening
<ul> <li>Chairperson:</li> <li>responsible for making important decisions</li> <li>making financial decisions and/or handling finances</li> <li>contact with the media and public</li> <li>privy to confidential information</li> <li>vote on matters as a group.</li> </ul>	Theft, fraud and misuse of finances. Breach/privacy.	Possible	Moderate to major	High	Nil	Interview, Reference checks and an annual VNPC.
<ul><li>Deputy Chairperson</li><li>privy to confidential information</li><li>vote on matters as a group.</li></ul>	Breach/ privacy.	Possible	Minor to moderate	Low	Nil	Interview, Reference checks and a VNPC.
<ul><li>Treasurer:</li><li>handle finances</li><li>using organisational resources</li><li>vote on matters as a group.</li></ul>	Theft, fraud and misuse of finances.	Possible	Minor to moderate	Med	Nil	Interview, Reference checks and an annual VNPC.
<ul><li>General members:</li><li>privy to confidential information</li><li>vote on matters as a group.</li></ul>	Breach/ privacy.	Possible	Minor to moderate	Low	Nil	Interview, Reference checks and a VNPC.

### **Task Risk Assessment Template**

Volunteer position:	
Task:	
Potential hazards/liabilities:	
Likelihood of risk occurring:	Possible/Likely/Almost certain
Impact if risk occurs:	Minor/Moderate/Major
Risk assessment:	Low/Medium/Major
Recommend screening mechanism(s):	Interview, Reference checks, VNPC, Annual VNPC, and/or WWC Check.

### **Task Risk Assessment Example**

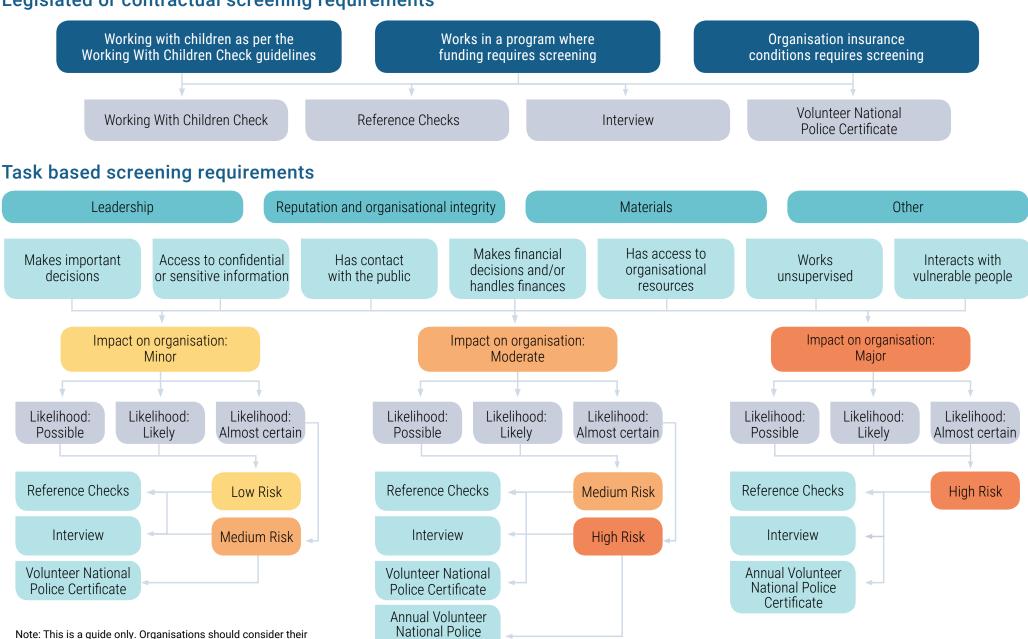
Volunteer position:	Board Chairperson
Task:	Making financial decisions and/or handling finances
Potential hazards/liabilities:	Theft, fraud and misuse of finances
Likelihood of risk occurring:	Possible
Impact if risk occurs:	Major impact if risk occurs
Risk assessment:	High
Recommend screening mechanism(s):	Interview, Reference checks, and an Annual VNPC.

### **Risk Assessment Matrix Sample**

### Position:

Australian or New Zealand Resident	nt Yes (Passport sighted) No (VEVO checked)													
Task/Issue	Yes	No	Likelyhood			Impact			Risk Rating	ing Screening Recommend		led		
			Possible	Likely	Almost certain	Minor	Moderate	Major	(Low/Med/High)	WWC Check	VNPC	AVNPC	Interview	Ref Checks
Legislative/Contractual requirements														
Works with children as per WWC guidelines			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	(L/M/H)					
Works in a program that receives funding requiring screening			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	(L/M/H)					
Insurance conditions require screening									(L/M/H)					
Leadership														
Makes important decisions									(L/M/H)					
Privy to confidential and/or sensitive information									(L/M/H)					
Reputation and organisational integrity														
Has contact with the public									(L/M/H)					
Makes financial decisions and/or handles finances									(L/M/H)					
Materials														
Has access to organisational resources i.e. motor vehicle, computer									(L/M/H)					
Other														
Works unsupervised									(L/M/H)					
Interacts with vulnerable people									(L/M/H)					
Summary ratings									(L/M/H)					

### Risk Assessment Flowcharts Legislated or contractual screening requirements



Certificate

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risk requirements based on their individual needs.



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